# IMPROVED TRAVELING SALESMAN PROBLEM ANALYSIS WITH NETWORK ANALYSIS TOOL 

Assoc. Prof. Dr., Mehmet Metin Kunt

Eastern Mediterranean University
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## Outline

## Traveling Salesman Problem

Proposed Approach

## Case Study

Conclusions and Recommendations

## Traveling Salesman Problem

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## Definition of Traveling Salesman Problem

- "Given a list of cities and the distances between each pair of cities, what is the shortest possible route that visits each city and returns to the origin city?"



## How TSP is applied?

- Decide on an objective function to minimize
- Total travel distance or
- Total travel time
- Create a distance matrix
- Create combinations (factorial of number of cities)
- Obtain total distance/time for every combination
- Select the visit order satisfying the objective function
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## TSP uses distance matrix

- Using direct distance (as the crow flie
- "Euclidean distance"

- By considering the earth's curvature (Haversine formula)
- Disadvantages
- Exclusion of street network geometry or driving direction
- Calculation errors for small geographical areas


## Proposed Approach

## Proposed approach

- Overcoming the disadvantage of direct distance approach
- Road network
- Automated data extractıon
- Distance data access
- OpenStreetMap (openstreetmap.com)
- Open Street Routing Machine (OSRM)
- Python

? python


## Case Study

## Case study

- We are planning to visit the following municipalities from the Union of Cyprus Turkish Engineers and Architects Chambers building: LEFKOŞA
gazimağusa
GiRNE
GÜZELYURT
GÖNYELi


## Case study

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GAZIMAĞUSA GiRNE

GÜZELYURT
GÖNYELi

Objective function $=$ Minimum total travel distance

弱等 $=$

## Data for case study

- Coordinates
(Latitude\&Longitude)
[[35.18294432 33.36765598] [35.19009679 33.36382957] [35.11595405 33.94596524] [35.34030666 33.32076442] [35.19839454 32.9923021 ]
[35.20515518
33.31782043]]
- On a map



## Distance matrix from direct distance

|  | KTMMOB | LEFKOŞA | GAZIMAĞUSA | GIRNE | GÜZELYURT | GÖNYELI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| KTMMOB | 0 | 868 | 53104 | 18008 | 34153 | 5158 |
| LEFKOŞA | 868 | 0 | 53563 | 17154 | 33773 | 4503 |
| GAZIMAĞUSA | 53104 | 53563 | 0 | 62025 | 87181 | 57957 |
| GIRNE | 18008 | 17154 | 62025 | 0 | 33737 | 15031 |
| GÜZELYURT | 34153 | 33773 | 87181 | 33737 | 0 | 29586 |
| GÖNYELi | 5158 | 4503 | 57957 | 15031 | 29586 | 0 |

Unit of the distance in the table is in meters

## Distance matrix from road network

|  | KTMMOB | LEFKOŞA | GAZIMAĞUSA | GIRNE | GÜZELYURT | GÖNYELI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| KTMMOB | 0 | 1445 | 60892 | 24708 | 38691 | 7145 |
| LEFKOŞA | 1609 | 0 | 59992 | 23674 | 37657 | 6166 |
| GAZIMAĞUSA | 60094 | 59137 | 0 | 79819 | 93802 | 61571 |
| GIRNE | 25083 | 24204 | 80509 | 0 | 52179 | 19948 |
| GÜZELYURT | 39360 | 38481 | 94726 | 52093 | 0 | 32842 |
| GÖNYELi | 6973 | 6094 | 62772 | 20139 | 32752 | 0 |

Unit of the distance in the table is in meters

## Order of visit

- Direct distance

KTMMOB
LEFKOŞA
GÖNYELİ
GÜZELYURT
GíRNE
GAZIMAĞUSA
KTMMOB
L = 183.82 km
48.82 km shorter than
actual!

- Road network

KTMMOB
LEFKOŞA
GíRNE
GÖNYELİ
GÜZELYURT
GAZIMAĞUSA
KTMMOB
$\mathrm{L}=232.64 \mathrm{~km}$

## Conclusions and Recommendations

- TSP is a tool that optimizes multiple destination problems
- Actual street network geometry and driving direction were considered for more realistic solutions
- Minimizing total travel distance or time for multiple destination trips may reduce demand for energy use and time
- TSP can be applied to other disciplines in civil engineering

